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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/619,011	07/14/2003	James Michael Halek	E21-006-01-US	6038
22854	7590	03/21/2007	EXAMINER	
MOORE & HANSEN, PLLP 225 SOUTH SIXTH ST MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402			WIMER, MICHAEL C	
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	2821
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
3 MONTHS	03/21/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/619,011	HALEK ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Michael C. Wimer	2821	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 January 2007.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-70 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-19 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 20-70 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application
 6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 20-70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kartchner (5914014) in view of Araya et al. (6583394) and Walker (3818333).

Regarding Claims 2043 and 68, Kartchner discloses a demulsification arrangement to remove microwave-absorptive material from a substrate comprising a containment structure 2; and an RF applicator 16 delivered from the power source (not shown) operatively coupled and positioned within the containment structure 2 and comprising an antenna body defined as a waveguide, having a longitudinal axis along the RF energy 18. The outer surface of the antenna 16 includes RF transparent, cylindrical windows and Kartchner teaches in col. 5, lines 17-19 that the apertures/windows may be rectangular in shape. Thus, Araya et al. are cited as resolving the level of ordinary skill in the art and as evidence of obviousness, and teaches in Fig. 4, a waveguide antenna applicator defined as slotted waveguides 12a arranged with slots perpendicular to the axis (vertically in the figure). It would have been obvious to the skilled artisan to employ such a rectangular slotted waveguide of Araya et al. in lieu of the cylindrical one in Kartchner, particularly since rectangular applicators are

suggested therein. Walker is cited as showing how an apertured applicator 10 is tapered from the generator 22 outward for presenting the desired mode of radiation.

Regarding Claims 21 and 44, Kartchner suggest that conical applicators are well known in the art in col. 2, lines 32-35. It would have been obvious to employ such a shape as the applicator.

Further regarding Claims 22-42 and 45-70, the size shaping and composition of the waveguide the dielectric window (e.g., PTFE or fiberglass) with low permittivity are all common materials employ in RF applicators in heaters and antennas. Constructive interference is maintained due to the reflectors 5 in Kartchner. A skilled artisan would have found it obvious to employ any type hydrocarbon material, where the emulsion and substrate is water and oil.

Response to Amendment

3. The declaration under 37 CFR 1.132 filed 1/3/2007 is insufficient to overcome the rejection of claims 20-70 based upon Kartchner in view of Araya et al as set forth in the last Office action because: the amended claims now recite an RF applicator, changed from a microwave energy radiator, which has different cross sections along its length. Additional art has been cited to evidence of obviousness, in that waveguide cross-section is changed to propagate different modes of energy set up in the waveguide.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 1/3/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Specifically, the skilled artisan would look to the secondary reference

because of different geometry or radiators, particularly apertures, slots, waveguide mouths etc. The specific use of the applicator is less relevant than the radiation aperture variation in order to produce a particular radiation pattern or beam.

Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

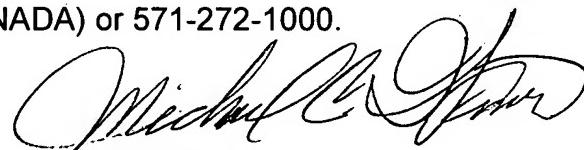
A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael C. Wimer whose telephone number is (571) 272-1833. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2821

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.



Michael C. Wimer
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2821

MCW

3/16/2007